

# Transimpedance amplifier RMS



## Overview

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## Transimpedance amplifier RMS



A transimpedance amplifier with nominal 200-MHz bandwidth, 6.6-k/spl Omega/ gain, and 33-nA RMS-equivalent input noise current is described. The circuit is realized in silicon-bipolar-monolithic ...



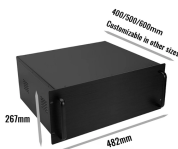
In its simplest form (Fig. 1), a transimpedance amplifier is just an opamp with a large-valued feedback resistor,  $R_f$ . This resistor sets the amplifier's transimpedance (i.e. its change in output voltage ...



A transimpedance amplifier (TIA) converts an input current into a proportional voltage, typically using an inverting op-amp with a feedback resistor ( $R_f$ ). TIAs present a low-impedance input ...



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Input-Referred RMS Noise Current The input-referred rms noise current can be calculated by dividing the rms output noise voltage by the TIA's midband transimpedance value



It is both convenient and informative to calculate the rms noise using a piecewise approach (region-by-region) for each of the three regions indicated in Figure 8.



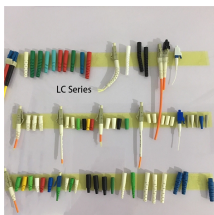
Although all operational amplifiers can be used in transimpedance applications, the limit in performance is always limited by the transimpedance gain, the bandwidth, and the noise.



**Transimpedance Gain** The transimpedance gain of the TIA, ZTIA, is defined as the ratio of the small-signal output voltage to the small-signal input current: 61



I'm doing a noise simulation of a transimpedance amplifier (TIA) in LTSpice for calculating the total RMS noise. The bandwidth is approximately 100 kHz. As long as the simulation stop ...



transimpedance amplifiers (TIAs) serve in the front end of optical communication receivers (RXs). Despite or because of their simple topologies, TIAs pose rigid tradeoffs among their gain, noise, and ...



This circuit diagram shows the typical op-amp connection used to build an uncompensated transimpedance amplifier. If you're designing for one of these applications, you ...

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